

NTG-EDSD

v.2/2024.3

The **NTG-Early Detection Screen for Dementia**, adapted from the DSQIID*, can be used for the early detection screening of those adults with a learning disability who are suspected of, or may be showing early signs of, mild cognitive impairment or dementia. It can also be used to monitor progression and change in the early stage of dementia or identify simultaneous health conditions that may otherwise remain untreated. This complies with Scotland's National Dementia Strategy 2013-2016 which states that everyone diagnosed with dementia from April 1, 2013 is entitled to a minimum of one year's post-diagnostic support. The NTG-EDSD is not an assessment or diagnostic instrument, but an administrative tool that can be used by staff and family carers to note functional decline and health problems and record baseline information useful for further assessment and review.

It is recommended that this tool be used on an annual, or as required basis with adults with Down's syndrome beginning with age 30, and with other persons with learning disabilities when suspected of experiencing cognitive change. The form can be completed by anyone who is familiar with the adult (recommended to have known him or her for over six months), such as a family member, support worker, community learning disability nurse, learning disability psychiatrist, Alzheimer Scotland link worker or health specialist, using information derived by observation or from the adult's support plan or health record. The estimated time necessary to complete this form is between 15 and 60 minutes.

If you would like more information about the background to the National Task Group Early Detection Screen for Dementia (NTG) please visit https://www.the-ntg.org/ntg-edsd

Name of person: ⁽¹⁾ First		⁽²⁾ Last:
⁽³⁾ Known as:		⁽⁴⁾ Date of birth:
⁽⁵⁾ Age:	⁽⁶⁾ Sex:	⁽⁷⁾ Date:
	Female Male	_
⁽⁸⁾ Best	description of level of learning disability	Instructions: For each question block, <u>tick the item that</u> <u>best applies</u> to the individual or situation.
	No discernible learning disability	
	Mild Moderate Severe	Current living arrangement of person:
	Profound and complex/multiple Unknown	 Lives alone with no paid support Lives with partner, spouse or friends
⁽⁹⁾ Diagnosed condition (<i>tick all that apply</i>)		 Lives with parents or other family members Lives with paid carer Lives in shared learning disability group
	Autism	home
	Cerebral palsy	□ Lives in single tenancy with support from
	Down's syndrome	staff
	Fragile X syndrome	Lives in care home for older people (non
	Non-specific learning disability	learning disability)
	Prader-Willi syndrome	Currently in respite or assessment unit
	Other:	Lives in other:

⁽¹⁰⁾ General characterisation of <u>current</u> physical health:

Excellent
Very good
Good
Fair
Poor

⁽¹¹⁾ Compared to <u>previous screening</u>, current <u>physical</u> health is:

Much better	
Somewhat better	
About the same	
Somewhat worse	
Much worse	

⁽¹²⁾ Compared to <u>previous screening</u>, current <u>mental</u> health is:

Much better
Somewhat better
About the same
Somewhat worse
Much worse

⁽¹³⁾ Conditions present (*tick all that apply*)

Vision impairment
Blind (very limited or no vision)
Vision corrected by glasses
Hearing impairment
Deaf (very limited or no hearing)
Hearing corrected by hearing aids
Mobility impairment
Not mobile – uses wheelchair
independently
Not mobile – is moved about in
wheelchair
Assisted to mobilise with use of walking
aid

⁽¹⁴⁾ Significant recent [in past year] life event (*check all that apply*)

Death of someone close
Changes in living arrangement, work, or
day service
Changes in staff close to the person
New housemates
Illness or impairment due to accident
Adverse reaction to medication or
over-medication
Relationship difficulties
Victimisation / abuse / bullying
Other:

(15) Seizures

Recent onset seizures
Long term occurrence of seizures
Seizures in childhood, not occurring in
adulthood
No history of seizures

⁽¹⁶⁾ Diagnostic History

Has dementia or mild cognitive impairment or previously been diagnosed?

- []No
- [] Yes, mild cognitive impairment

Date of diagnosis:

[] Yes, dementia

Date of diagnosis:

Type of dementia:

Diagnosed by:

- Geriatrician
- Multi-disciplinary learning disability team
- Learning Disability Psychiatrist
- Psychologist
- 🗆 GP
- Other: ____

⁽¹⁷⁾Is this the first screening for a baseline?[] Yes

[] No

⁽¹⁸⁾If changes have been experienced, but no diagnosis of dementia or mild cognitive impairment has been made, please give the month and year when changes were first noted:

Please explain your suspicions about dementia or mild cognitive impairment (if relevant):

[Tick column option as appropriate]

	Always been the case	Always but worse	Change in past year	Does not apply
⁽¹⁹⁾ Activities of Daily Living				
Needs help with washing and/or bathing				
Needs help with dressing				
Dresses inappropriately (e.g., back to front, incomplete,				
inadequately for weather)				
Undresses inappropriately (e.g., in public)				
Needs help eating (cutting food, mouthful amounts, choking)				
Needs help using the bathroom (finding, toileting)				
Incontinent (including occasional accidents)				
	•			
⁽²⁰⁾ Language & Communication		-		
Does not initiate conversation				
Does not find correct words				
Does not follow simple instructions				
Appears to get lost in middle of conversation				
Does not read				
Does not write (including printing own name)				
⁽²¹⁾ Sleep-Wake Change Patterns				
Excessive sleep (sleeping more)				
Inadequate sleep (sleeping less)				
Wakes frequently at night				
Confused at night				
Sleeps during the day more than usual				
Walks or appears to wanders for no apparent reason at night				
Wakes earlier than usual				
Sleeps later than usual				
Does not want to sleep in a bed				
⁽²²⁾ Mobility				
Not confident walking over small cracks, lines on the ground,				
patterned flooring, uneven surfaces, up or down kerbs or stairs				
Unsteady walk, loses balance				
Falls				
Requires aids to walk				

	Always been the case	Always but worse	Change in past year	Does not apply
(23) Memory				
Does not recognise familiar persons (staff/relatives/friends)				
Does not remember names of familiar people				
Does not remember recent events (in past week or less)				
Does not find way in familiar surroundings				
Loses track of time (time of day, day of the week, seasons)				
Loses or misplaces objects				
Puts familiar things in wrong places				
Problems with printing or signing own name				
Problems with learning new tasks or names of new people				
(24)Behaviour				
Walks or wanders for no apparent reason				
Withdraws from social activities				
Withdraws from people				
Loss of interest in hobbies and activities				
Seems to go into own world				
Obsessive or repetitive behavior				
Hides or hoards objects				
Does not know what to do with familiar objects				
Increased impulsivity (touching others, arguing, taking things)				
Appears uncertain, lacks confidence				
Appears anxious, agitated, or nervous				
Appears depressed				
Shows verbal aggression				
Shows physical aggression				
Temper tantrums, uncontrollable crying, shouting				
Shows lethargy or listlessness				
Talks to self				
(25) Adult's Self-reported Difficulties				
Changes in ability to do things				
Hearing things				
Seeing things				
Changes in 'thinking' or talks about changes in 'head'				
Changes in interests				
Changes in memory				
⁽²⁶⁾ Notable Significant Changes Observed by Others				
In gait (e.g., stumbling, falling, unsteadiness)				
In personality (e.g., subdued when was outgoing)				
In friendliness (e.g., now socially unresponsive)				
In attentiveness (e.g., now socially unresponsive)				
In weight (e.g., weight loss or weight gain)				
In abnormal voluntary movements (head, neck, limbs, trunk)				

[Tick column option as appropriate]

	(27)Chronic (Long-term) Health Conditions*	Recent	Condition	Lifelong	Condition
	Chronic (Long-term) Health Conditions*			Lifelong	
		condition	diagnosed in	condition	not present
		(past year)	last 5 years		
	Bone, Joint and Muscle				
1	Arthritis				
2	Osteoporosis				
	Heart and Circulation				
3	Heart condition				
4	High cholesterol				
5	High blood pressure				
6	Low blood pressure				
7	Stroke				
0	Hormonal				T
8	Diabetes (type 1 or 2)				
9	Thyroid disorder				
10	Lungs/breathing				
10	Asthma Obrania haanabiila ana huaana				
11	Chronic bronchitis, emphysema				
12	Sleep disorder				
10	Mental health				T
13	Alcohol or substance abuse				
14	Anxiety disorder				
15	Attention deficit disorder				
16	Bipolar disorder				
17	Dementia/Alzheimer's disease				
18	Depression				
19	Eating disorder (anorexia, bulimia)				
20 21	Obsessive-compulsive disorder				
21	Schizophrenia Other:				
22	Pain / Discomfort				
22					
23 24	Back pain Constipation				
24 25	Foot pain				
25	Gastrointestinal pain or discomfort				
20	Headaches				
28 29	Hip/knee pain Neck/shoulder pain				
29	Sensory				
30	Dizziness / vertigo				
30	Impaired hearing				
32	Impaired vision				
52	Other				1
33	Cancer – type:				T
33	Chronic fatigue				
34 35	Epilepsy / seizure disorder				
35	Heartburn / acid reflux				
30	Urinary incontinence				
38					
30	Sleep apnoea Tics/movement disorder/spasticity				
39 40	Dental pain				
40 *Itom		<u> </u>			1

*Items drawn from the Longitudinal Health and Intellectual Disability Survey (University of Illinois at Chicago)

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⁽²⁸⁾ Current medication for:	Yes No
Chronic conditions	
Mental health or behaviour that challenges ot	ners 🗆 🗆
Pain	
Note any medication changes since last review	
Attach list of current medications, dosage, and	when prescribed (tick to confirm attached) \square
⁽²⁹⁾ Please use this space for any other notable	changes or concerns:
⁽³⁰⁾ Next Steps (tick the relevant box):	
If completed by paid or family carer:	
$\hfill\square$ If no changes noted, or this is a baseline ass	essment, inform Community Learning Disability Team of completion
and review again on agreed date. Next date:	
If changes are noted, please update GP and	Community Learning Disability Team, and agree next steps. Next date:
If completed by Community Learning Disabili	y Team or health professional:
\square If no changes noted, or this is a baseline ass	essment, update records and review again on agreed date. Next date:
$\hfill\square$ If changes are noted, please update GP and	Community Learning Disability Team, and agree next steps. Next date:
If completed by Alzheimer Scotland link world	er:
No changes noted, or this is a baseline asses an agreed date. Next date:	sment, advise Community Learning disability team and review again at
□ If changes are noted, please update GP and	Community Learning Disability Team, and agree next steps. Next date:
⁽³¹⁾ Date form completed ³²⁾	Organisation (if appropriate)
Name of person completing form	
Relationship to individual (staff, relative, health profe	ssional, support staff, Alzheimer Scotland link worker etc.)
Date(s) form previously completed	
theast PA Dementia Screening Tool (DST) – with the assistance	g Questionnaire for Individuals with Intellectual Disabilities; Deb, S., 2007) as adapted into the of Carl V. Tyler, Jr., MD – and the LHIDS (Longitudinal Health and Intellectual Disability Survey; Group on Intellectual Disabilities and Dementia Practices as the NTG Early Detection Screen for
nentia.	Centre for Policy and Practice, University of the West of Scotland; Nicola Ewing, Planning and Susan Scotland, Learning Disability Liaison Nurse, NHS Lothian.







Working together for a caring, healthier, safer Edinburgh

 $\hfill {\ensuremath{\mathbb C}}$ NTG $_{2/2024.3}$ National Task Group on Intellectual Disabilities and Dementia Practices

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